AN APPEAL FROM COLORADO.

CONGRESS PETITIONED TO ESTABLISH FREE SILVER COINAGE.

THAT, THE DENVER CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SAYS, WOULD RESTORE PROSPERITY AND

START THE WHEELS OF MANUFACTURE. Denver, July 30 .- At a meeting of the Board of of the Chamber of Commerce last even ing, the committee appointed to draft a memorial to Congress in relation to the silver question reported the following, through their chairman, ex-Covernor Evans, and the report was unanimously adopted

To the Honorapie Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled Your memorialist, the Chamber of Commerce and Beard of Trade of the City of Denver, is the State of Colorado, an association organized to promote the development and country, respectfully cally attention to the following facts:

1. That the amount of the legal-tender currency in th country is altogether inadequate to the transaction of its

2. That its relation to the enormously increased business

free coinage of silver was suspended. 3. That, owing to this change in relation, a great in-

jury has been wrought by increasing the value of money elatively diminishing the value of property.

4. That this is an injustice perpetrated upon the debtor class which has inneed to the cenefit of the creditor class.

i. e., it has made the money loaned by the creditors years ago in addition to the annual futerest paid for its use worth now largely more than it was then in the labor, property and other means from which the debtor has to pay it back. That property values have declined part passa with sliver ever since its demonstration is shown by statistics. The decline in prices annually, with little irregularity, shows silver to have fallen in twenty years from #1 29 an ounce 1873, when it was demonstred, to 83 cents an ounce 1893. To verify the statement we give the decline in prices of two of the principal agricultural products country for the same period-namely, cotton and t. Cotton has fallen from 18.8 cents per pound in to 7.8 cents in 1893. Wheat declined from #1.31 a 1873 to 7.8 cents in 1893. bushel in 1873 to 75 cents a bushel in 1893. These figures were made up to the time before the present panic

5. That this contraction of the currency in relation to the business requirements of the country, its com-merce and manufactures, its productions and all its inmerce and manufactures, its productions and all its industries, heving been continued for twenty years, hus
described values and finally destroyed confidence and
has brought ruin upon the length and breadth of our
great and rich and, what would atherwise be, presperous
country, closing business generally, commercial houses,
mines, banks and manufactories from the Atlantic to
the Pacific and from the lakes to the Gulf.

6. That the repeal of the so-called Sherman Silver law
would further contract the currency, and should therefore not be done without providing an adequate substitute.

7. That such a condition of things can only be reme-

7. That such a condition of things can only be reme-died and the required justice done between the creditor class that has to receive its pay and the debtor class that has to liquidate its obligations, and the only bossible way to restore confidence and tring back prosperty which has been destroyed and which the great natural which He at our feet throughout the length to be honest money in fact. S. And your memorialist, in order to accomplish this

imporatively necessary result, prays your honorable body to require by law the Secretary of the Treasury to do that he has only had the discretion and neglected to

1. In order to bring the most immediate relief which 1. In order to bring the most immediate relief which the Government can now afford it should pay out on the debts of the Government, including pensions, contracts and appropriations, and distribute to the National bank depositories for the purpose of all the legal-tender sliver coin now in the Treasury and now professedly heid there, an encumbrance and in idleness, an amount of reserve not required of any bank to redsem certificates issued for it, and there held as though the Government was not to be

To require the Secretary of Treasury to do what

debts of the Government all silver builton now or which may hereafter be in the Treasury.

This would at once add between \$500,000,000 and \$600,000,000 to the circulating currency, and, being distributed generally among the people, would relieve a vast amount of distress. And your memorialist further prays that to persent evaluating silver only of the Products of the United States (a change would involve great expense and delay for recologing), all of the products of the silver mines of our own country, and for a proper mintage to be fixed by Congress all of the builton presented from other countries, when the mints of the United States are not fully occupied in coining the gold and silver produced from the mines of our own country.

And your memorialist further prays that the feeserve \$100,000.000 of gold in the Treasury, placed there at the time of the resumption of specie payment in 1873 to pro-tect the credit of the Government against the possibility of a default in meeting its gold Habilities by want of

increase in the National debt to raise money to pay in gold debts payable in coin only. And your memorialist respectfully but cornestly protests against the continuance of the administration of the fluences of the Government on a strictly gold basis, and also against pretending to maintain the parity between gold and sliver, by sup-pressing the use and depreciating the value of silver.

And your memorialist would call your attention to the facts that monometallic England has per capita only \$18.42 in circulation, and monometallic Germany has only \$18.54 and the United States \$25.15, while bimetallic Frence has \$40.56 in circulation per capita, consisting of \$800,000,000 in gold and \$700,000,000 in silver, with er ratio at 152 to 1, and that it maintains the parity

And your memorialist respectfully protests against a continuance of the authorities of bimetallic America in copying and following monometallic England in matters of finance, because Great Britain is the largest angregation of money leaders in the world, and your condit-uents, in developing their resources, have become the largest borrowers in the world, and because here is an aristocratic government, administered by nobles, land-lords, bankers and capitalists in the interest of their own class, whose interest and object is to make money more valuable by the contraction of the currency to a goal basis; who have little regard for the wishes of the who are bimetallists, while ours is a government of the people, by the people and for the

And, as in duty bound, your petitioner will ever pray.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN EVANS, Chairman.

A POPULIST'S VIEW OF THE SITUATION. Boston, July 30,-George F. Washburne, of this city, chairman of the Eastern Division of the National Committee of the People's Party, has sent to the chairman of the State committee a circular letter conveying his views on the silver question. It is

In part as follows:

Grover Cleveland, Wall Street's agent, calls a special session of Congress for the purgose of repealing the Sherman act. What does this nightly? The most gigantle trust the world has ever seen is the present International Bond-issuing and Silver-boycotting Syndicate. The most celossal conspiracy the world has ever known is the present one, originated and guided by Baron Rothsenild. Their Silver-scheme is an attempt to ouslave a whole world and in a wholesale manner swindle and plander God's people. We can drive these foreign money invaders from our shores forever if we begin right now! The solution of the problem is to be found in the money plank of the People's platform. Now is our chance to actuate. If we expose the Wall Street game to people, we shall have, not 1,058,000 men voding our ticket in 1806, but millions.

ARRANGING FOR THE SILVER CONVENTION. Chicago, July 30 .- At a meeting of the local and general committee in charge of the arrangements for the National Silver Convention which is to open in this city next week final details were perfected for the three days' session and the entertainment of the 500 delegates. The headquarters for the various State and district delegations were designated, the most prominent falling to the Colorado contingent, which

will be located at the Palmer House.

Arrangements have been made for several outdoor convention, and although the list of speakers has not been fully completed as yet, it will embrace all the prominent silver advocates and champions of the Populist movement. The convention will be the proposed cut will be made. The retirement of these men complete the idleness of many officers. ulist movement. The convention will be called to order at 10 n. m. on Tuesday in the First Methodist

alms of this coming convention, Colonel Harvey,

"All in favor of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 are entitled to seats as delegates.

All so-called bimetallists who believe in using one metal to buy the other are not entitled to act as defgates and can have no voice in the convention. elieve that the contraction of primary or redemption money to gold alone is responsible for the terrible stringency that now exists, and that it will continue the main cause for it is eradicated. We believe that the United States is able to solve this question that the United States is able to solve this question without the friendly assistance of European Governments. The convention that meets here this week will organize for the stratgle and publish an address to the people of the United States. There will be no compromise. People do not seem to understand that free courage exists now for gold, and that we had free colunge of aliver up to 1573. All we ask is that it be restored."

SILVER NOT ALONE TO BLAME. REPEAL OF THE PURCHASING CLAUSE NEEDED-DEMOCRATIC INCOMPETENCY, HOWEVER,

NOT CONDUCIVE TO CONFIDENCE. Euffale, July 30.- William R. Moore, of Memphis, Tenn., temporarily sofourning at Niagara Falls, sends to "The Express" a letter from John Claffin, president of the H. B. Claffin Company, of New-York, and his reply thereto. The subject deals with the Gov-ernment's financial policy. After making a strong appeal to Mr. Moore to use his influence with his Senators and Representatives in Congress, personally or by letter, in favor of the proper repeal of the sherman Silver law, Mr. Claffin say,

"New-York has passed through the acute stage of the most intense financial strains of history, and the consequent depression of business which it is now experiencing will doubtless spread over the entire country if confidence in the future be not speedily restored. Whatever may be the correct statement of the relation of the silver purchases of the Government to the present frouble, it is evident that the great majority of all the business men of this country now believe that the sliver purchasing clause of the sherman act is the most important cause of the crisis through which we are passing, and this belief will prevent the restoration of confidence and the return of ordinary prosperity until it becomes certain that such silver purchasing clause will speedily be repesled.

"The repeal of this clause will mean the imm restoration of confidence at home and abroad, hoarded currency will return to our banks, foreign capital will again seek investment in America, and the industrial

progress of the country will be resumed."

Mr. Moore, in his reply to Mr. Claffin, agrees with him concerning the repeal by Congress of the silver purchase clause, and adds. "Bad as the workings of this law have been and now are, there is yet a deeper evil and more far reaching cause, in my opinion, for the financial troubles that now beset the country in every direction; and that cause is purely political and within the power of the now dominant political party easily to remove. Accepting its unambiguously expressed National platform to mean what it plainly says, and relying upon the sincerity and good faith of the distinguished and honored statesmen who proand breadth of the land catitie as to color, is for the Government to restore the amount of the legal-tender circulating medium to the amount required, making it United States, are, or should be, bound to expect from them an honest compliance with their ante-election pledge. Hence, when they pledge themselves as favoring State banks or shinplasters as substitutes for our now wise and safe system of National bank notes, and when they in the most unequivocal phrase declare to be 'unconstitutional,' 'fraudulent' and 'robbery' the protective tariff system which has been the chief factor in making us for the past quarter of a century the most progressive and prosperous Nation of the earth; when, I say, this political party, now having full and unrestricted control of the lawmak ing power, pledges itself solemnly to substitute tariff for revenue only," and which in effect must produce inevitably the result of either closing our nanufactories or else compelling the reduction of daily wages for our artisans and mechanics to a basis delty wages for our artisans and mechanics to a basis of the discretion, but has persistently declined to the great injury of the people, i. c., to coin into legal-tender measy and pay out in like manner on the debts of the Government all sliver bullion now or which the control of the contr no matter what department or calling, should call a halt until this promised change in our material system shall have been put in force by our legislators at

present anomalous depression than the Silver act which is now by so many thought to be unwise. Now, promptly repeal the Silver act and then, living up to their platform promises, promptly also give us from trade and shinplasters and then adjourn, I, for one, would know better how to shape the future policy of my firm. But when I see this great party of nearly 100 majority in Congress divided apparently irreconcliably among themselves on all the leading issues of the day I am forced to the conclusion that there is a long and litter fight ahead and that a twelve menths' session may be as confidently looked for by the plain people as that wrangling and incompetency are inevitable among the "wild cats" who now have in their hands the business interests of 65,000,000 people.

there of the resumption of special streets the property of a default in meeting its gold liabilities by want of sufficient receipts of customs, which were set apart for the purpose, be put in circulation, since the credit of the country is so abundantly established all over the world that such reservation is no longer required.

And your memerialist, in support of this petition, would respectfully call your attention to the fact that every expression of the people, through all political parties, has been in favor of and given unequivocal indersement to broken banks, closed mills and idle, distressed people in all directions."

THE HAT INDUSTRY FEELS THE STRAIN.

LONDON EXPECTS TO SEND \$2,000,000 WITHIN ORANGE (N. J.) SHOPS EITHER SHUT DOWN OR THE NEXT TWO WEEKS.

London, July 30 .- During the last week the rate for long discount has been 2 per cent. For short discount, 1-2 per cent. The tendency is steadily upward. It is understood that £2,000,000 gold will b

will be sent over before the end of the year. recent years. Of the ten failures, however, only one being imported and threatened to drive out of the was important. Two of the falling firms paid 20 shillings on the pound. Business has been almost suspended. The dealings were confined to a few inshillings on the pound. vestments. Yesterday an easter feeling as regards th future was noticeable. Foreign securities have been steady and the Siamese complications have had little for an enermons business.

The Paris Bourse, also, saf The situation has, however, entirely changed. The fered little from the uncertainty of Slam's attitude toward France. Prices were fairly firm, although

most foreign securities declined somewhat. During the week Missouri, Kansas and Texas ro 3 1-2 per cent; Norfolk and Western, 1 1-4 per cent Blinois Central, 1 per cent ; Denter and Rio Grande pre ferred, 1 1-4 per cent; Denver and Rio Grande commen 1 per cent; Wabash debenture bonds, 3-4 per cent; Louisville and Nashville, 1-4 per cent; 75tho and Missls sippl, 1-4 per cent. Atchlson, Topeka and Santa Fe fell 3 per cent; Lake shore, 3 per cent; Erie, 2-3-4 per cent; Atchlson, Topeka and santa Fe bonds "A," 2-3-4 per cent; Northern Pacific, 1-1-2 per cent; Wabash preferred, 1-4 per cent; Union Pacific, 1-4 per cent; Atchlson, Topeka and Santa Fe bonds "A,"

CONORE-SMAN CANNON ON THE OUTLOOK Chicago, July 30. Congressman Cannon, of Dan-Cle, was at the Grand Pacific yesterday. He will ville, was at the Grand Pacific yesterday. start for Washington to-morrow night, to be on hand at the opening of the special session of Congress. He declined to say how he will vote on the repeal of the Sherman Silver act. "I am in favor," he said, "of keeping all currency at a parity and having every dollar issued by the Government as good as the best dollar ever made. The seed for the present condition was sown in November, when the Democratic party was victorious on a platform demanding the repeal of the Sherman act, the repeal > the tax on state bank circulation and a tariff for revenue only. Mr. Cleveland can apply a remedy in less than twenty minutes, if he chooses to, by writing to the Secretary of the Treasury, telling him to issue bonds as neces-sary, and at the same time telling the country that considers it his duty to veto all financial bills that will come before him during his Administration. If that were done, confidence would be restored and corresponding prosperity would follow."

STRUCK ON THEIR WAGES BEING REDUCED. Fittsburg, July 30.-A telegram from Washington,

Fenn, says that the skilled men in the tube and bending departments at the Tyler Tube Works went out yesterday to resist a cut in wages. The men say they will leave town rather than work at the reduced price. The cut ranges from 10 to 50 cents a day. The men affected had given notice last Satur-

Calcago, July 30.—About 200 laboring men gathered on the lake front this morning to Heten to a Episcopal Church, at Clark and Washington ats. General A. J. Warner, of Ohio, is to preside over the temporary organization, but as yet no one has outwardly declared himself an active canditate for the permanent chairmanship.

What the men of the convention expect to do is to amsignmate a party which shall put candidates in the field for President, make a fight where there is a prospect of success in the individual States and rehabilitate silver. In speaking of the objects and sured of plenty to eat and a day's holiday now and

then. There were those who considered Senator Sherman a statesman and a patriot, but if this were true then denedict Arnold must be a saint in heaven. As for "the old man down at Buzzard's Bay," he was trying to do just The opposite to what Jackson did in the financial question, and yet the great bulk of his own party regarded him as a dyel-in-the-wool Jack-sonian Democrat. Congress, declared the speaker, who was frequently applanded, had degenerated into a great auction room in which the rights and privileges of the people were bartered and sold.

THE INDUSTRIAL DEPRESSION.

A CARNEGIE PLATE MILL CURTAILING PEO.

DUCTION.

MANY MORE EMPLOYES OF THE WESTINGHOUSE AIR BRAKE COMPANY TO BE LAID OFF-MILLS IN THE MOHAWK VALLEY

CLOSING.

Pittsburg, July 30,--heginning to-morrow night, the night turns will not run in the plate mill of the Carnegie Company's steel works at Homestead. This department has been running three turns, and under the new arrangement the men in each turn will work

In view of recent alarming reports which have been sent from Braddock about the Edgar Thomson Steel Works, Secretary Lovejoy to-day consented to a short interview. He would not speak of the Carnegle company's intentions further than to say that the various works would be run while there were orders to be supplied, but that there would be no piling up of stock. He, however, denied most of the rumors which pretend to tell what the company will do. As regards the Edgar Thomson, there is no general sus pension likely to be made soon. The running of the plate mili at Homestead on single turn has happened often before, and is an ordinary method of operatorwhen orders get scarce. The mill will probably be started on full time again next week.

The working force of the Westinghouse Airbrake Company at Wilmerding will, it is said, be further reduced by the temporary discharge of between 200 and 300 men. Those who remain at work will suffer a reduction of from 15 to 20 per cent in wages. Two weeks ago 400 men were discharged. order goes into effect to-morrow. Such reduction has not been offered to workmen in mills in the western part of the State for many years. It is thought that he workmen will not make any remonstrance.

Amsterdam, N. Y., July 30 .- Sanford & Son's carpe mills shut down last night for at least two weeks, and possibly longer. They employ 2,000 persons. The following mills and factories have also closed: The Van Antwerp knitting mills, indefinitely; Johnstown Knitting Company's mills, two weeks; Shuler spring works, one week, and Starin silk mill, at Fultonville

Manufacturing Company at Wilkinsonville, employing about 200 hands on print goods, yesterday were shut down for an indefinite period, Woodbridge, N. J., July 30.-Two departments of the Staten Island Terra Cotta Lumber Company's works at

Spa Spring closed last night for an indefinite period

Worcester, Mass., July 30 .- The mills of the Sutton

farowing 190 residents of Woodbridge and Perth Amboy out of work.

South Framingham, Mass., July 30.—The dulness in the hoot and since manufacturing business has at last been felt in south Framingham to a slight extent. Gregory, Shaw & Co., a large local concern which ordinarily runs fifty weeks in the year, has laid off about twenty-five of its thirty-two cutters for a week and possibly longer. The company has few time orders to work upon at present.

TROUBLES IN THE BUSINESS WORLD ASSIGNMENT OF A BANKING COMPANY-A BANK

STRENGTHENED BY ITS PRESIDENT.

New-Whatcom, Wash., July 30.-The following notice was posted yesterday on the doors of the Puget Sound Loan, Trust and Banking Company; -Owing to constant withdrawals of deposits and inability to realize on securities, this bank has suspended temporarily."

The Institution was capitalized at \$125,000. The Habilities are \$50,000; assets, \$200,000. Cleveland, July 30,-The Hodffield Belting Company went into the hands of a receiver yesterday, on ap-

plication of the Globe Tanning Company, of Louisville . T. Bodifield, the treasurer and general manager, The assets are about \$61,000 and the Habilities, \$37,000.

Fall River, Mass., July 30.—Prebbee Brothers, boot and shoe dealers, running stores in this city, have made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors. Liabilities, about \$17,000; assets, \$12,500. Racine, Wis., July 30.-Assignce Frank yesterday

including the plant, machinery and material, are inventoried at \$459,133. It is not believed the con-

RUNNING ON SHORT TIME. The present stringency to financial circles and the general distruct of the policy of the Administration is showing itself nowhere more strongly than in Orange, N. J., the centre of the hatting industry of the shipped within the next two weeks to the United country. Manufacturers of hats drew a long breath States, and the belief is that several millions more when the McKinley Tariff law went into effect, for it stopped at once, and as was hoped forever, the The settlement last week was the worst one of flood of cheap Erigian and German hats, which were market the American made hat. Since the tariff lay went into effect the hatting industry has revived, and the business has been more prosperous than for many years. Large additions have been built to the

disastrous effect of the election of a Democratic Ad ministration pledged to a tariff for revenue only is already seen in the hatting district. Some of the shops have shut down and closed their doors, others are working on bull time, and only a few are runnin their full force, and these say that a curtallment of

output is only a question of time.

The present is the season of the year when the duplicate orders on the samples sent out early in the season should be coming in rapidly, but there is a great lack of them and hat manufacturers are bitterly complaining of the condition of affairs.

With the strong probability of a reduction of the tariff on hats, by which the chenp laber hats of Pelgiar, will again flood the market and drive out honestly made and honestly paid for American goods, the prospect is a gloomy one.

A LARGE CHICAGO HOTEL CLOSED. Chicago July 30,-The Dairy Kitchen and hotel

and restaurant at State and Madison sts. was closed that he was an orname to Christianity. by the sheriff vesterday atternoon. As a result 150 After Father McGuire had concluded his employes are turned out with considerable back pay of a meal or bed. The liabilities of the concern are arrive entered the church. Paster Griffen \$34,000, and the assets \$8,000. George D. Smith, followed, and at 10:20 a, m. the Raptist minister proprietor of the place, came from New-York jast lune and rented the building for \$250 a day. He devotions fitted rooms with banks, four and six 'n a rocco, which he proposed to rent at \$3 each. Smith has two places in New-York, one called the Columbia, in Fourteenth st. Both were attached on Judgments entered last week in New York.

. ON THE MARCH TO PEEKSKILL

The detachment of the 13th Regiment, the First and Second batteries, and Battery K, of the Regular Army, broke camp at Van Cortlandt Park at sunrise yesterday morning, and started on the second stage of their march to Peekskill. There are about 300 men in the party which, after a het day's march, went into camp at Croton Landing in the afternoon. The march to Sing Sing was a fatiguing one. The men arrived at Sing Sing at 3:30 p. m., being three hours late. Frequent stoppages were made to enable the men and animals to recover from the effects of the heat. On arriving at the camping ground at Croton Landing the

EXCURSIONS TO WORLD'S FAIR VIA WASHINGTON whose family were away from home.

AND THE B. AND O. R. R. from the Found of Preeman Wasserman, all of whose family were away from home.

It came to light that a kerosene lamp had been

SUNSTROKE, GAS, POISON,

lifting, freezing, somnambulism, and choking in swallowing, often cause accidental death. Only one accident policy covers such fatal injuries (it covers also those ordinarily covered): The Extension Full Indemnity Policy of

THE UNITED STATES MUTUAL ACCIDENT ASSOCIATION.

520. 322 & 324 BROADWAY, NEW YORK JAMES R. PITCHER, General Manager.

FEW CONGRESSMEN AT THE CAPITAL.

CONGRESSMAN GEARY SAYS THERE WILL BE NO PROLONGED FIGHT OVER SILVER-

SENATOR OPAY'S VIEWS. Washington, July 30,-file advance guard of mem bers of the LUId Congress, coming to attend the

morrow, is at the capital. There are not many of them, and the probabilities are that few Congress men will be it the city before next Saturday. Among those who have arrived the opinion seems to repealed, or at least the silver-purchasing clause of it; but what will follow is an unknown quantity. One of the early arrivals is representative Geary, of California, known to fame in connection with the Chinese Exclusion and Registration act which bears

his name. He said:

"I am opposed to the so-called Sherman act. I have always been. It is victous, and time does not improve it. The sooner it is repealed the better for the whole country. Of course some subsequent legislation will be necessary, but I am not prepared to say what it will be, because at this time I do not know. I am satisfied, however, that the sherman law will go, and that in its stead we will have something of benefit instead of harm. I could not tell you how my colleagues individually stand, for I had no very extended talks with them on the subject. In place of the present tariff law, the chances are that we will have one that is new from top schedule. The country expects this. The declaraflons of the Democratic platform are so plain that there is no chance to misunderstand them. I do not think that action upon the silver question or the tariff will be so long delayed as some papers and persons seem to have imagined. The session will naturally be lengthy, as we have many other things to do. The Denocracy will come out all right, I It has a fair working majority, and I think that both sides—the silver men and single-standard men—are disposed to be reasonable." Another equally interesting and important Con-gressional character is senator Quay, of Pennsylvania, who said in reply to a question on the prevailing topic:

topic:

I think the silver-puchasing clause of the Sherman act should be repealed. That seems to be the conservas of opinion from those who know most about the financial situation. I would be satisfied to have Congress adjourn after having done that until the regular time of meeting."

Ex-Speaker Crisp arrived in Washington this evening from Georgia and took up his old quarters in the Metropolitan Rotel.

DOUBT THAT THE ALERT HAS BEEN DAMAGED. Washington, July 50.—The dispatch from Victoria, B. C., stating that the Alert came into collision with the steamer York while on her way from shanghal to Chemilpo in June, seems to be incorrect. The Navy Department has heard from the Alert twice since that date, and nothing was said about the reported acci-dent. The Alert left Chemulpo about ten days ago and strived at Yokohama yesterday. She is on her

CROWDS AT THE BEACHES.

A NEW SOPRANO AT SOUSA'S EVENING CONCERT

e at Coney Island yesterday was of the kind to suit everybody. It was warm in the sun, but a cool breeze blew over the I-land all day, and the barge crowd did not suffer as on previous sundays. The number of bather? was small, which surprised the bathing-pavilion keepers, as the water been alive with bathers every day for a month

visitors was just as large as on previous days of st, and Sou-a's orchestra attracted large numbers oth in the afternoon and evening. The number of bathers at Brighton is increasing, and yesterday the limited space nilotted to bathers was crowded. One hundred and thirty members of the Hartford Wheeling Club were entertained at dinner at the County Wheelmen

Signorina Nice Moreska appeared for the first time In this country at Sonsa's concert last night. She is At Gravesend Beach, Bath Beach and Fort Hamil-

on the usual Sunday crowds were present, and enloved themselves as usual. The Fort, with its great the crowd was larger than at either Bath or Gravesend. A big crowd visited Rockaway Beach yesterday.

It was a good natured crowd and the attractions at the beach were thoroughly enjoyed by every one. capacity, and it is estimated there were 20,000 people on the beach. There was but one arrest dur-ing the day, but a number of lost children kept the police busy. lice busy. Caparale enjoyed a splendid day yesterday. There were concerts in the afternoon and evening, were listened to by great crowds. The boats from Rockaway were crowded all day. In the ing the buildings and grounds were handson luminated.

MASSES SAID IN A BAPTIST CHURCH.

A WARM TRIBUTE FROM THE PRIEST TO THE PASTOR-GENEROUS LONG ISLAND CITY BAPTISTS.

The East Avenue Baptist Church in Long Island

City was yesterday given over to the use of the Roman Catholic congregation of St. Mary's Church, which was recently destroyed by fire. Three masses were heard within its walls, and the symbols of the Catholic faith appeared side by side with those of the Baptist creed. The little church was crowded at all the services, and scores of worshippers were obliged to offer up their devotions in front of the door. Father Deherty, assistant paster, erected a temporary altar, four feet high, with a few candles and such sacred paraphernalla as was indispensable to the celebration of mass. There was, however, no hely water fout, incense, and no images of the Blessed Virgin

Mary or saints, as was expected. Father McGuire preached at all the masses. He laid particular stress upon the kindness and liberality of the Emptists to offering to him the use of their church, and said he hoped it heralded the dawn of a new and better era for all Christians, whatever their He paid a glowing tribute to the broadmindedness of Paster Griffen, of the church, saying

After Father McGuire had concluded his last maand the Roman Catholic congregation had filed out, the Raptist congregation which had already began to ascended the pulpit and began his usual Sunday

Mr. Griffin's church has a senting capacity of be Long Island City. It was dedicated in March, 1870, and cost \$28,000. Its first poster was the Rev. William B. Smith, a missionary attached to the Long Island

NAUGHTY BOYS ARE OF SOME USE AFTER ALL. The occupants of the five-story tenement house at No. 61 Clinton-st., are just now congratulating themselves that there still remain a few bad boys among all the good boys that make the present age a golden one. Some of the few mischievous boys in question were chasing each other over the roofs of the houses in Clinton-st, yesterday morning and were being naughty in a general, comprehensive sort of a way. The Lanter of No. Cl. Henry Kallenbacher, bing at the camping ground at croton Landing the borses were at once picketed, men detailed to guard them, and the tents pitched. The men were tired, and some of them were suffering from bilistered feet. With this exception all the men were well. Before the tents had all been pitched the camp fires were burning and last might the camp presented a pretty sight.

Henry, with commendable energy, pursued them closely, on the third floor he saw smoke couling closely, on the third floor he saw smoke couling them. from the rooms of Freeman Wasserman, all of

Special train of day coaches will leave Jersey Central station, foot of Liberty street, New-York, 8:30 a. m., Angust 5, 9 and 15, arrive Chicago 4:30 p. m. next day. 817 00 round trip: good ten days. Ticket offices, 172, 415 and 1,140 Broadway.

REPUBLICANS ARE, ALERT.

GETTING INTO POSITION FOR THE FALL CAMPAIGN.

WORK IN THE INTERIOR OF THE STATE-PRE PARING THE LISTS OF ELECTION OFFICIALS.

There have been evidences of increasing activity among Republican leaders within the last few days which are interpreted to mean an early forward move ment on the position of the political enemy. Such trusted men as ex-Postmuster Van Cott, Chauncey M. Depew, ex-senator Hiscock, Collector Hendricks, Congressman Belden and others have already expressed their opinion that an early state convention will be a wise movement on the Republican side. J. H. Jewell, the organizer of the Republican State League, went to Buffalo last week to hold a consultation with John N. scatcherd, First Vice-President of the State League and me ber of the Republican Flate Committee from the Buffalo district. It is understood in Republican circles that arrangements will soon be perfected for opening the campaign in Eric County, without walt ing for Lieutenant-Governor shechan and his convict henchmen to take the initiative. It is predicted that sheehan will find the combat thickening at the other end of the State before cool weather comes-

From Buffalo Mr. Jewell is to go to Syraense to confer with David K. McCarthy, president of the Onondaga County Republican League. Mr. Jewell's visit is expected to smooth the way for a harmonious settlement of all differences within the party in the ndaga district and unite the Republican forces there for the coming fight. Word has been received that both ex-Senator Hiscock and Congressman Belden and their friends are anxious for union and a cordial The Republican and Tammany district leaders of

the city have been hard at work during the last week their lists for inspectors of election and poll and ballot clerks which are to be appointed by the Commissioners for the coming g neral election. There are in New-York 1,137 election districts, in each of which Tammany, under the infamous law of last year, gets two election inspectors and one poll clerk and spector, a poll clerk and a ballot clerk. Blanks have been sent to the Assembly District leaders, who in turn, have sent them to the election district captains to be filled up, giving the names which they desire to

The Tammany leaders were directed by Mr. Croker to have their blanks ready and to return them to his headquarters at the East Fourteenth-st. Wigwam on Saturday. The Republican leaders are expected to send their blanks to Tresident J. sabine Smith of the Republican County Committee as soon as possible. superintendent of the Eureau of Elections has requested that all names proposed for election inspectors and poll and ballot clerks be sent in to him not later than August 15. After revision the lists will be transmitted to the Police Commissioners, which

spectors and poil and ballot cerass de seas the lists unit later than August 15. After revision the lists will be transmitted to the Police Commissioners, which body makes the appointments.

Seven names—four Tammany Hall men and three Republicans—must be selected in each of the 1.147 election districts, making in all 7.959 election officials, of which 4.548 are to be Tammany and 3.411 Republican. The inspectors of election, of whom 2.274 will be Tammany and 1.137 will be Republican, etc. to be employed five days in all—oa the four days of registration and on election day, and will receive according to statute \$7.50 for each day's service, a total of \$74.832.50. The poil and bullot clerks, numbering four in each election district, two Tammany Hall and two Republican, will be employed only on election day, and will be paid as the law prescribes, the same as the laspectors, \$7.50 a day. The clerks will thus get \$34.119, making 1, the aggregate \$108, 1942.50 of the city's money which will go to the 7.950 men who are closen by the party leaders to conduct the election of November next.

THE NEW COLLECTOR IN TOWN. MR. KILBRETH COMES FROM HIS COUNTRY HOME -HE MAY MEET MR. HENDRICKS TO-

DAY OR TO-MORROW. The newly appointed Collector of the Port, ex-

Police Justice James T. Kilbreth, arrived in the city at a late hour last night from his country-place at Southampton, L. 1., and went to his home at Madison ave. Mr. Kilbreth was somewhat fatigued by his trip, and did not care to say asything more than he had already said in relation to his appoint ment, and his purposes in connection with the Collector's office. He is fully ide-tified with the Cleveland wing of the Democratic party, and his tone end of the organization will get little patronage from on strict business principles. The Civil Service law and regulations will be enforced during his admitstration, subordinate officials who do their duty faithfully need not fear removal, whatever may be

Mr. Kill-reth will visit his law-office, No. 45 Brondway, this morning, and a terward he may drop in at Collector's office and take a stroll through the several divisions. If Collector Hendricks comes from him, and the date for transferring the office may be he was not expected until to-morrow.

Before entering upon the duties of his new office Mr. Killereth must give a bond to the United States Government in \$1,000,000. A part of his business in the city to day will be to look up bondsmen, which he is not likely to find much difficulty in securing. The new Collector said that he had no idea who would be his sureties.

CANDIDATES FOR J. W. JACOBUS'S PLACE. A new candidate for United States Marshal for the outhern District of New-York, to succeed John W. Jacobus, Republican, has appeared in the person of City Marshal John H. McCarthy. He is reported to be the special favorite of Mayor Gilroy, and in Wigwam circles he is believed to be backed by Richard Croker and Schator Edward Murphy, Jr. Marshal McCarthy was one of the Mayor's party during his trip to the South and West last spring. He is a Harlem Tammany Hall man and belongs to the Sagamore Club and the XXVIIth Assembly District Tammany Hall General Committee.

The Voorhis Dem cracy has also aspirations in con nection with the United States Marshalship, David N. Carvalho, who was one of the charter members of Mr. Anti-Snapper movement until he and ex-Mayor Grace became extranged, is Justice Voorbis's candidate for this office. The men of the New-York Democracy, so-called, think that in the distribution of the spoils one Federal office, at lenst, should be given to them.

THE NEXT SENATOR PROM WYOMING. Cheyenne, Wy., July 30.-Governor Osborne does not deny or confirm the rumor that Senator Beck with has resigned. It is definitely known, however, that the Senator has resigned, and that his suc cessor is appointed. The Senator will be A. New, recently appointed Internal Revenue Coll tor for Colorado and Wyoming.

NAMED FOR MAYOR OF PORTSMOUTH, N. H. Portsmouth, N. H., July 30,-At the Republican canons held at the Old Court House last night William D. Grace was nominated for Mayor. The lection will take place on Tuesday.

NEW ELECTRIC LIQUITS JUST IN TIME.

There has been a feeling of uneasiness in the

isted a possibility of the hotel having no electric lights, and of a reign of darkness. The Holland House and one other large hotel in the city have tween 700 and 800. It is the only haptist Church in cent lamp. This is the lamp which a decision of the court has established is an infringement on the Edison incandescent lamp, and on June 30 the Holland House and the other hotel using the lamp Affred N. New, president; E. Fleet, vice-president; J. C. schoonmaker, serretary; J. T. Woodruff, Theodorsenedeker, John Hinson and John Counts are the trustees. obtain an incandescent lamp to use in the place of the Sawyer-Mann. This they found no easy matter. They applied to the company which controls the Edison lamp in this district, but were informed that the lamps were not for sale. The Edison Company would furnish them lamps only with the ejectric power, which they said it was their business to supply.

But the Holland House had its own plant and did not want power. They finally secured a numher of burners of a comparatively new lamp, and these were fitted to the wires about the hotel. There are 3.30 lamps in the house, and the work of replacing was just finished when the time allowed to secure other burners had expired. This was last evening.

CHILDREN HURT BY A RUNAWAY HORSE. A horse, driven by Edith Coomby, of No. 109

William-st., Brooklyn, took fright at some firecrackers at 10:45 a. m. yesterday, and running down Libertyave., East New-York, injured a number of children at Thalford-st. No bones were broken, but Eva Einsburg, Barney Einsburg and Casper Schion were badly bruised.

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FEW VISITORS AT THE FAIR,

EVEN THE MIDWAY PLAISANCE PRACTI-CALLY DESERTED.

THE LIGHTEST ATTENDANCE SINCE THE OPEN ING OF THE EXPOSITION-AN ATTRACTIVE PROGRAMME FOR THIS WEEK

Chicago, July 30.-The gates of the World's Fah were open to the public to-day, but they might as wel have been closed. Not since the Fair was opened has the attendance been so light as it was to-day. grounds, Midway Phisance and all, were practically deserted. The officials at the Bureau of Admissions do not think the total attendance for the day and evening, including employes and concessionaires, will found to exceed 12,000, if it even reaches that figure.

The grounds had about the same appearance as they had last Sunday, when the gates were shut. Nearly all the State buildings and many of the structures containing exhibits were closed, and in the buildings that were open a large portion of the exhibits were covered. All the restaurants, cigar stands and drinking water fountains were closed. no attempt on the part of the World's Fair manage-ment to make things attractive to visiors. There was no music or attraction of any sort beyond the beauty and grandeur of the White City itself. There were no religious exercises, and many of the shows along the Midway Plaisance had placards tacked upon the entfance, announcing to the few straggling visitors that there would be no performance to-day. patronage was scarcely large enough to pay running The rest of the week pomises to be unusually

lively and interesting. The mechanical engineers will have a day at the Fair to-morrow. An elaborate programme has been arranged for ainment, and it is expected that from 5,000 to 6,000 of them, from all over the country, will be present. of them, from all over the country, will be present, on Tuesday the representatives of New South Wales will come to the front with a grand display, and on Wednesday the National Union will attend. Thursday will be Russian day, and it is the announced intention of the representatives of the Czar to have a celebration to keeping with the infigorance of the Empire of the North. The natives of Scotland will make merry on Friday, and on saturday the Poneers of California will have a day. All these celebration will be attended with fireworks and music.

MIDWINTER FAIR FREIGHT RATES San Francisco, July 30.-The Midwinter Fair man-

agers have been advised by the Transcontinental Freight Company that the concessions desired for the carrying of exhibits from Chicago to this city have been granted. Full charge will be made on shipments West, but exhibits will be returned free. Such geteral commodities as it may not be desired to returning will be charged 60 cents per 100 pounds. Certain other articles, however, which are specifically name and which are not to be returned, are no have half rates. These rates held good over all transcont-nental routes which take freight for this city.

A HORSE RETALIATES ON HIS DRIVER.

Prederick W. Engel, twenty-one years old, of No. beth-st, yesterday afternoon when the animal became bulky. Near Prince-st. Engel got out of the buggy agreed upon. Mr. Hendricks had not reached the city at a late hour last night, and it was said at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, where he lives in New York, that left ear, fracturing his skull. An ambulance re-moved him to st. Vincent's Hospital, where it is thought he will die.

> ATTACKED WITH A CLUB BY A DRUNKEN MAN. While George N. Holmes, of No. 341 Bergenst, Brooklyn, was driving along the Boulevard with his wife and child yesterday afternoon the party were assaulted by J. Patterson, of No. 421 East Fourteenthst., this city. Patterson was crazy with drink, and was armed with a huge club. He was apparently bent on killing the child, and rained blows at it which were warded off by Holmes, whose arms and body were badly brutsed, his hat smashed and clothing torns Patterson was locked up.

THE WEATHER FORECAST.

BAROMETER FALLING IN THE SOUTH. Washington, July 30 .- The barometer has fallen in the central valleys, the lake regions and the Southern States, and it has risen decidedly at Rocky Mountain district and on the Eastern Slope. It is slightly warmer in New-England, New-York and the lake regions, and slightly cooler in the Mississippi and Onio valleys and the South Atlantic States. It is also cooler in colorado. It is warmer over the plateau region. Thunderstories are reported from the Southern States, the upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys, colored, and southern Rocky Mountain districts, fearerally fair weather has prevailed in the Northern States could be the Mississippi. Local thunderstories are likely to continue in the central valleys and Southern States.

DETAILED PORECAST FOR TO-DAY. For New-England, generally fair; southwesterly winds;

warmer in southern portion.

For Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New-

Jersey and Delaware, generally fair; southerly winds. For the District of Columbia, fair. Maryland, generally fair. For Virginia, fair, probably followed by local showers

during the evening.

For North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, local

For Florida, local showers

For Alabama, light showers. For Mississips, Arkanasa and Louisiana, local showers, For Eastern Texas, generally lair. For Itimois, fair in northern, occasional showers, followed by clearing, in southern partion.

For Wisconsin, generally fair.

For Missouri, light local showers, followed by clearang

For Missouri, light local showers, followed by weather.

For Teumessee, Kenucky and West Virginia, local thunderstorms, followed by clearing weather.

For Western New-York and Western Pennsylvania, zenerally fair and warmer during the day followed by thunderstorms in Western Pennsylvania during the afternoon or night; winds shifting to southerly.

For Onio and Indiana, light local showers.

For Lower Michigan, light local showers during afternoon or right.

For Upper Michigan, light showers, followed by clearing weather.

For Iowa, Minnesota and Kansas, generally fair Monday.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



In this diagram a continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording barometer. The broken fluo represents the tand-perature as observed at Perry's Pharmacy. Tribune Office, July 31, 1 a. m .- The weather rester

day was fair throughout the day. The temperature ranged between 72 and 87 degrees, the average (78%) being 5% higher than Saturday, and 1% lower than of the corre-ponding day last year.

The weather to-day will probably be fair, and, # anything, slightly warmer than, yesterday.

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasure fetually on the Ridney, liver and bowely youting fevers, headactes and other forms of all For sale in 50c, and 5t bottles, by sil leading for Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.